

Ideas on Applying Very Fine Models in Dummy Model Development

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IDEAS ON APPLYING VERY FINE MODELS IN DUMMY MODEL DEVELOPMENT

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30th September - 1th October 2008

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Content

- Introduction
- Huge experimental data base and model performance
- Current model size
- Outline of fine model
- Applications of fine models
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- Conclusion

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DYNAmore introduction

DYNAmore at a glance

- 38 engineers
- distributor of LS-DYNA in Germany, Austria, Switzerland, Italy, Spain,..
- all engineering work is related to LS-DYNA and LS-OPT
- customers for dummy models world wide
- about 8000 LS-DYNA licenses are supported by DYNAmore
- main office in Stuttgart
- 4 Offices at Daimler on-site
- one office in Langlingen (close to Volkswagen)
- one office in Ingolstadt (close to Audi)

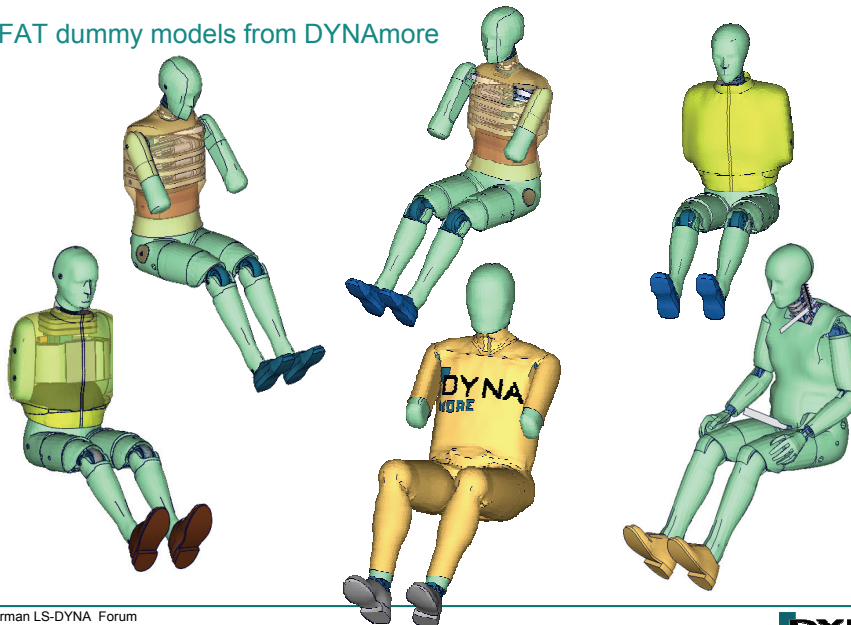


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Introduction

FAT dummy models from DYNAmore



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Introduction

Who is the FAT?

- FAT is abbreviation for:
German Association for Research on Automobile Technology
- FAT performs research related work with the members
- FAT are located in Frankfurt
- dummy modeling activities started in 1992.
- members: Audi, BMW, Ford, Opel, Mercedes, Porsche, Volkswagen,...

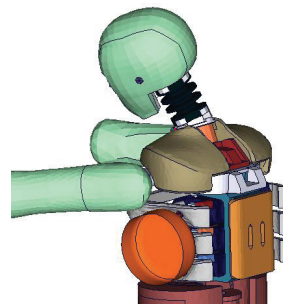
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Introduction

ES-2 and ES-2re project

- based on EuroSID 1 development
- first commercial releases available in 2002
- constant enhancements of models
- project is still running
- currently new tests are defined for new FMVSS214 load case



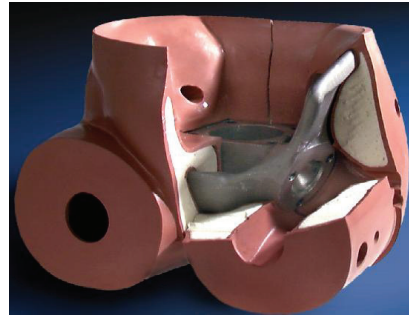
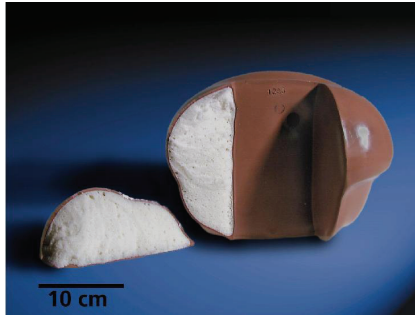
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Experimental Data – Material Tests

Material Tests

- all relevant materials were testes
- specimen were taken from new original parts
- some vinyl skins specimen were taken from repair kits.



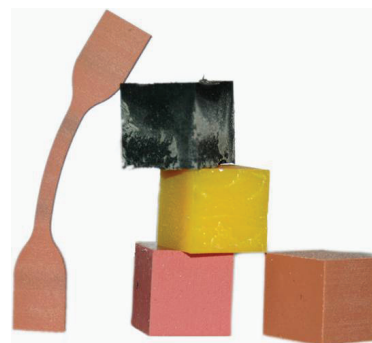
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Experimental Data – Material Tests

Material Tests

- static tension tests
- dynamic tension tests
- static compression tests
- dynamic compression tests
- cyclic compression test
- relaxation tests
- hydrostatic triaxial compression tests
- static and dynamic shear tests



Later tests such data could be used directly in:

- Mat_Fu-Chang_Foam
- Mat_Simplified_Rubber

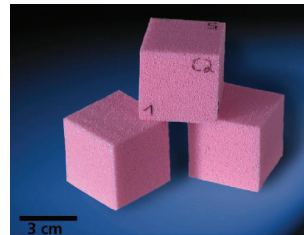
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Experimental Data – Material Tests

Outline of tests for rate dependent foams

- specimen (30x30x30 mm**3)
- static **compression** test
- dynamic compression
- strain rates 10/s, 20/s, 50/s, 100/s and 200/s
- maximum volumetric strain was 90% and 50%
- static **tension** tests
- dynamic tension tests with strain rates: 10 /s, 20/s, 100/s, 200/s



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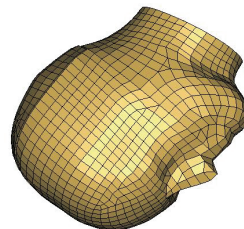
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Experimental Data – Component Tests

Performed component tests

The tests were performed with varying speeds, masses and angles:

- Pendulum tests on **rib assembly**
- Pendulum tests for **neck** and **lumbar spine**
- Dynamic shear for the lumbar spine
- Pendulum tests for the **abdominal insert**
- **Head drop** tests
- **Partial thorax** impact tests
- Impact tests for the **pelvis**
- Pendulum tests for the **lumbar spine**
- Impact tests for pelvis with upper legs



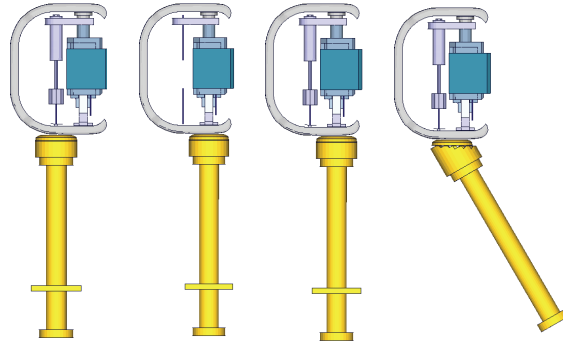
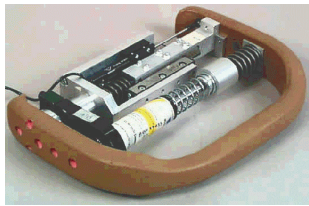
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Experimental Data – Component Tests

Outline pendulum test on rib assembly of ES-2

- different impact speeds, such that rib intrusions are: 10, 20, 30, 40, 50 mm
- different masses
- different impact locations
- different angles
- with/without damper unit
- in total 40 different test



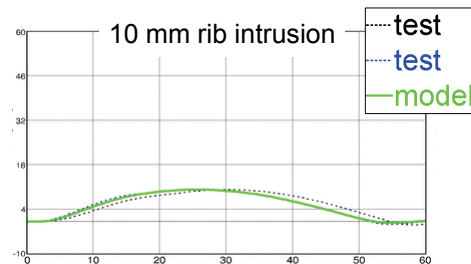
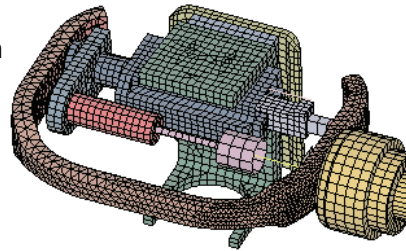
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Model Performance – ES-2 Rib Assembly Test

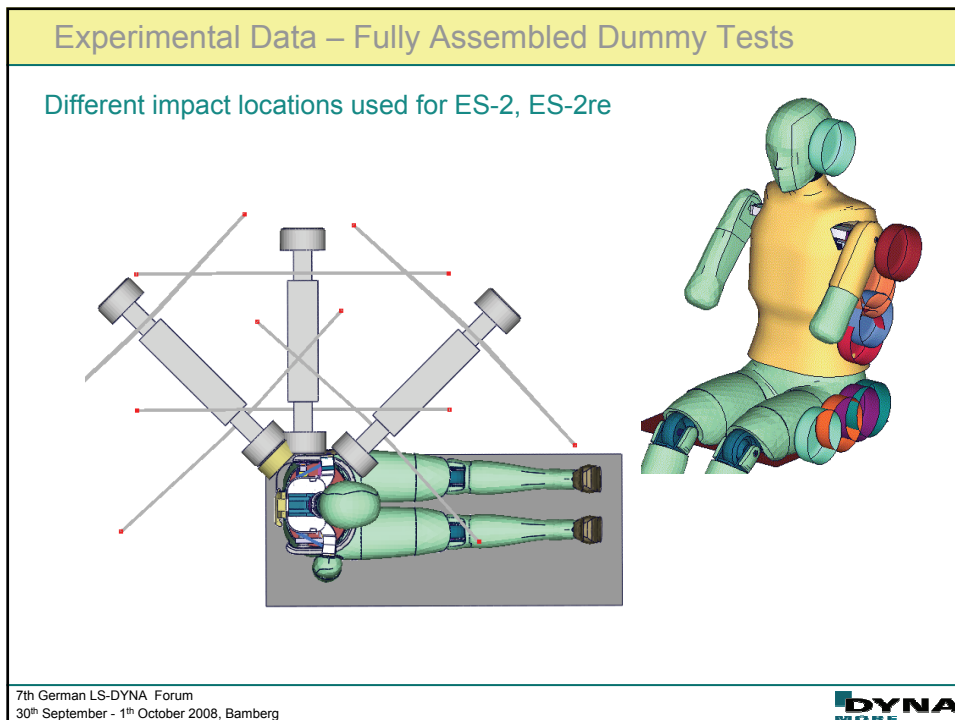
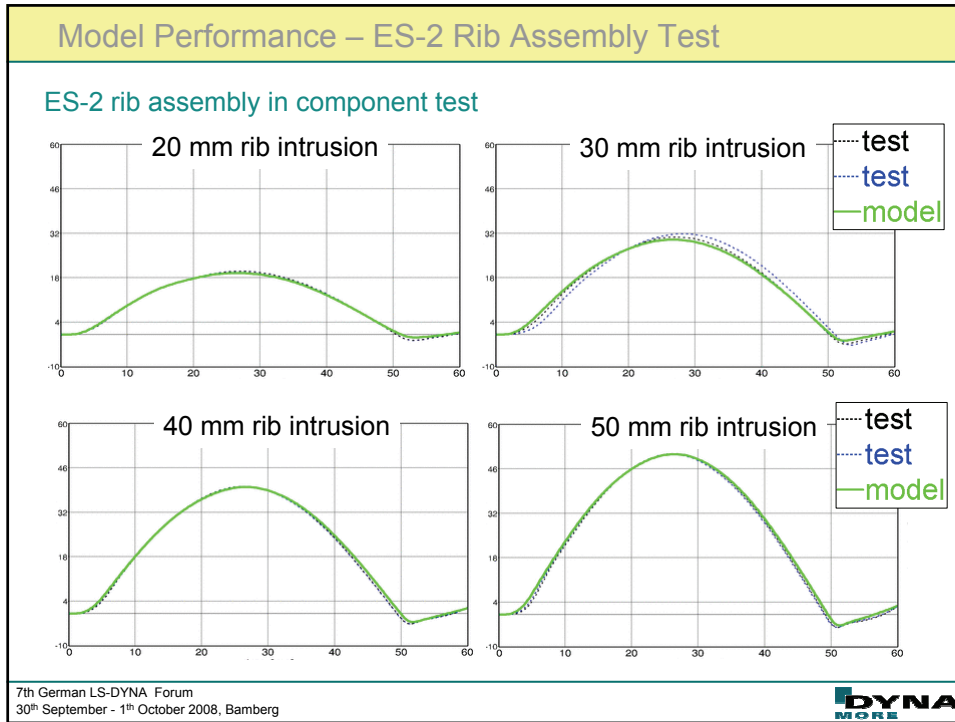
ES-2 rib assembly in component test

- 5 different tests on this impact location
- depicted is rib intrusion vs. time
- green is simulation
- black and blue is experiment



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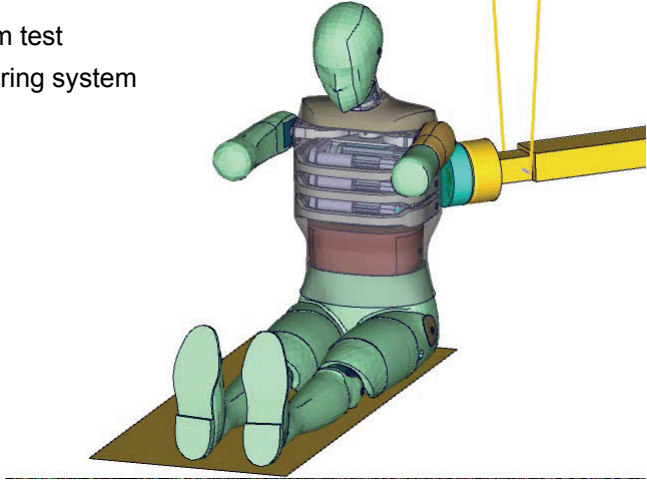





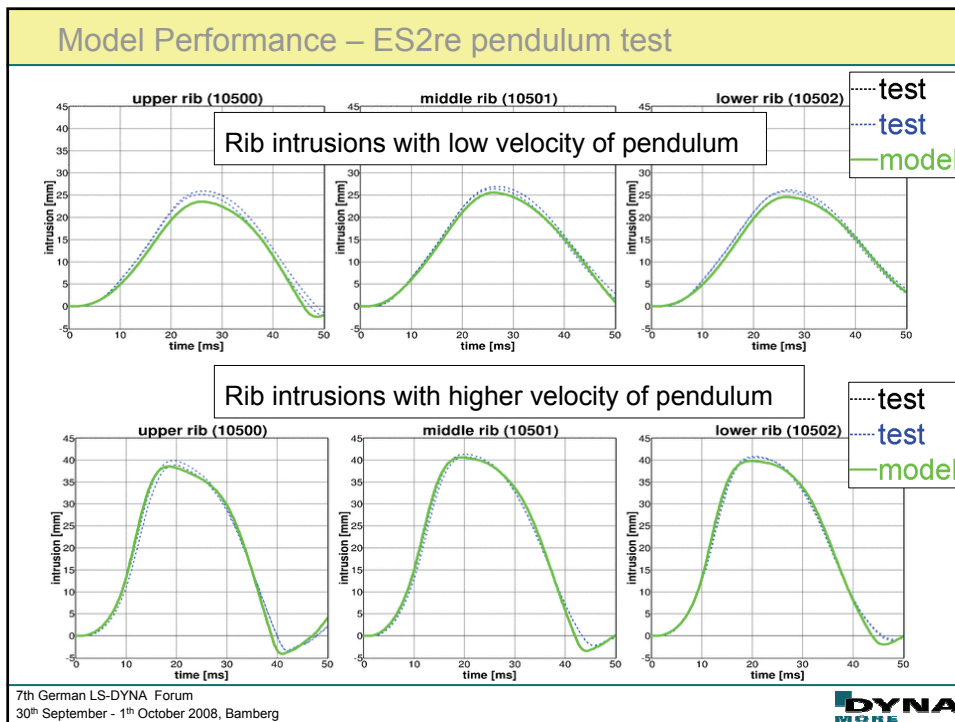
Model Performance ES-2re Pendulum Test

ES-2re model in pendulum test

- ES-2re in pendulum test
- test to validate bearing system



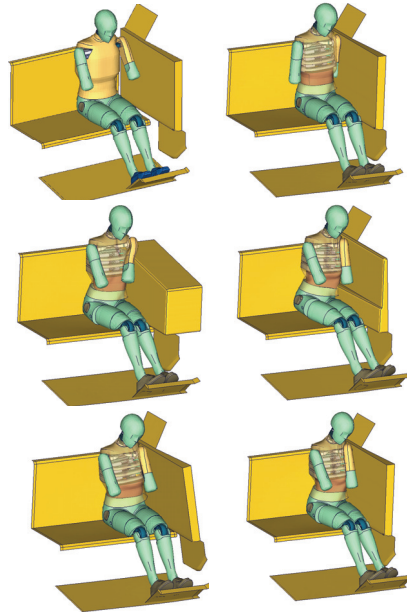
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Experimental Data – Fully Assembled Dummy Tests

Outline sled tests data for ES-2 model

- different barrier speed
- different arm positions
- shaped barrier
 - “door” shape
 - small pelvis impactor
- oblique barriers
 - plane barrier
 - x - direction
 - z - direction

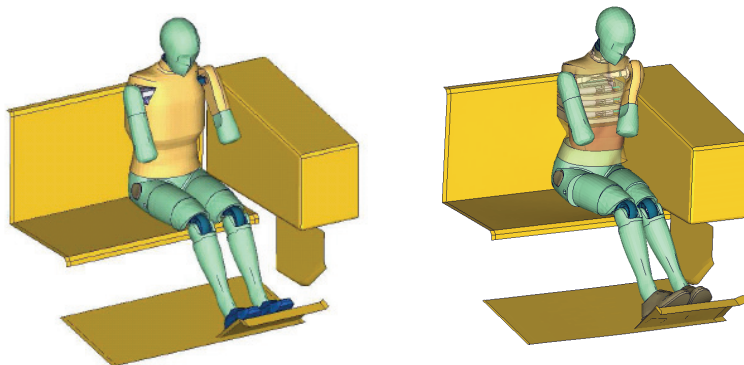


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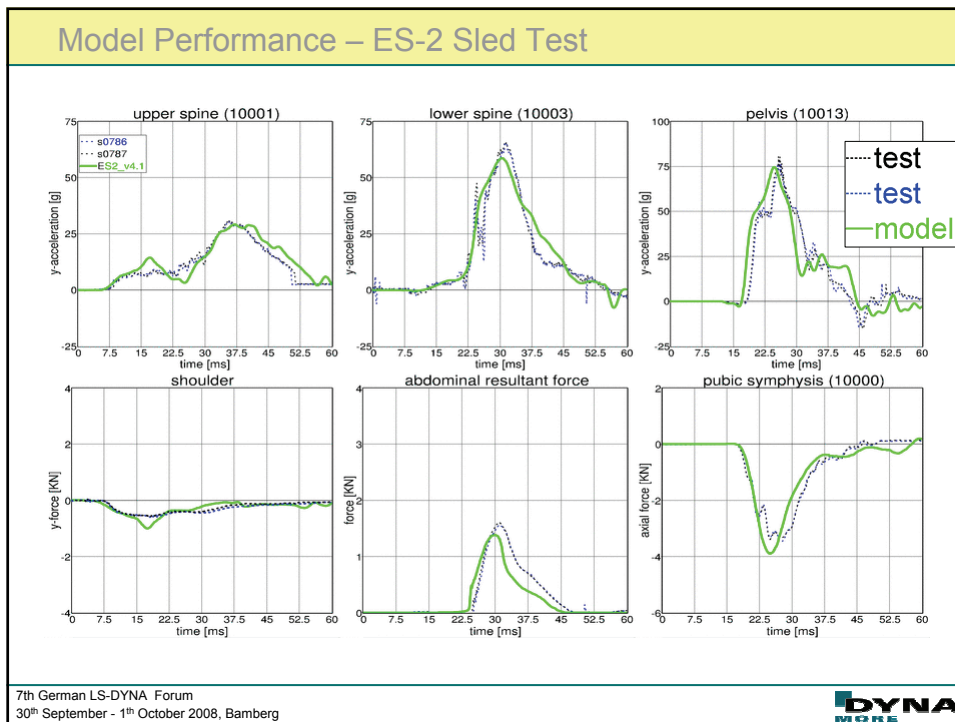
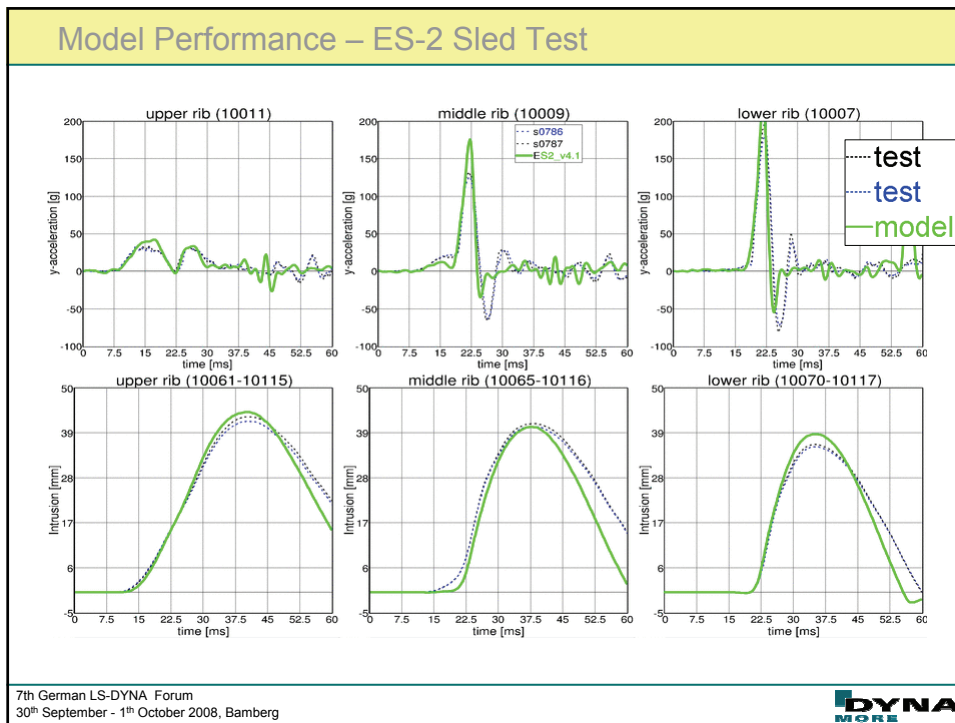
Model Performance

ES-2 model in sled test



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Experimental Data – New Tests

Barrier design for adequate lumbar spine load ES-2

- new barrier designs
- focus on FMVSS 214 new
- one target is to enhance lumbar spine model

The image shows two 3D CAD models. On the left is a yellow, stepped barrier structure. On the right is a human figure model in a seated position, colored in shades of green and blue, with a red shoe. The figure is positioned behind a yellow barrier structure, illustrating the interaction between the barrier and the human model.

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Experimental Data – New Tests

Sled tests – new barrier design

- particularly for FMVSS214 pole test a new barrier shape is considered
- typical intrusion profiles from PDB/FAT members were collected

The diagram shows a human figure model in a seated position on a sled, colored in shades of blue, yellow, and red. The figure is positioned against a vertical barrier. Four horizontal arrows point to specific locations on the figure: H1 - shoulder, H2 - piston guide middle rib, H3 - abdomen near arm rest, and H4 - pelvis. To the right of the figure, there are several colored lines representing intrusion profiles, with a label 'sections' pointing to them. A green circular inset shows a magnified view of one of the intrusion profiles.

H1 - shoulder
H2 - piston guide middle rib
H3 - abdomen near arm rest
H4 - pelvis

sections

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Experimental Data – Aim of Tests

Necessity of the huge amount of tests

- for validated models the application domain is important
- validation domain should contain application domain
- complete overlap is needed

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Experimental Data – Aim of Tests

Methodology of development

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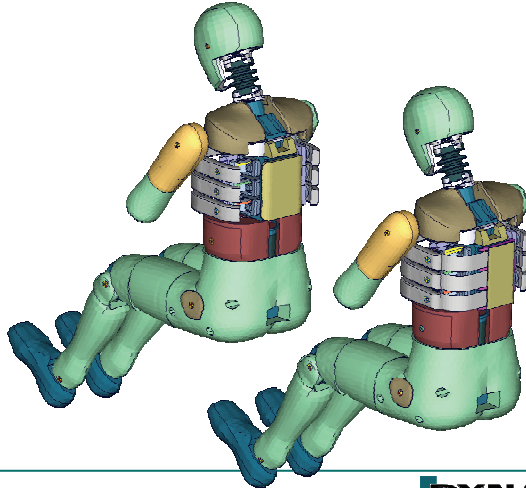
    graph TD
      A[accurate mesh and detailed geometry] --> C[generate a first model]
      B[material tests] --> C
      C --> D[predict the loads by simulation]
      D --> E[enhance the FE model]
      D --> F[define appropriate tests]
      E --> C
      F --> C
  
```

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Model Details

Outline details ES-2 and ES-2re Release 4.1

- Nodes: ~ 84,000
- Beams: ~ 300
- Shells: ~ 70,000
- Solids: ~ 130,000
- Materials: ~ 110
- Parts: ~ 240
- Joints: ~ 19
- Contacts: ~ 8



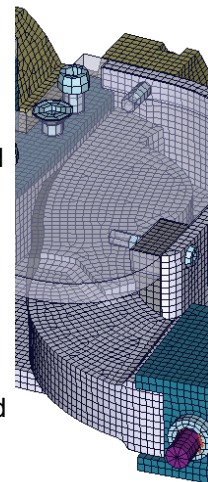
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Outline of Fine Model

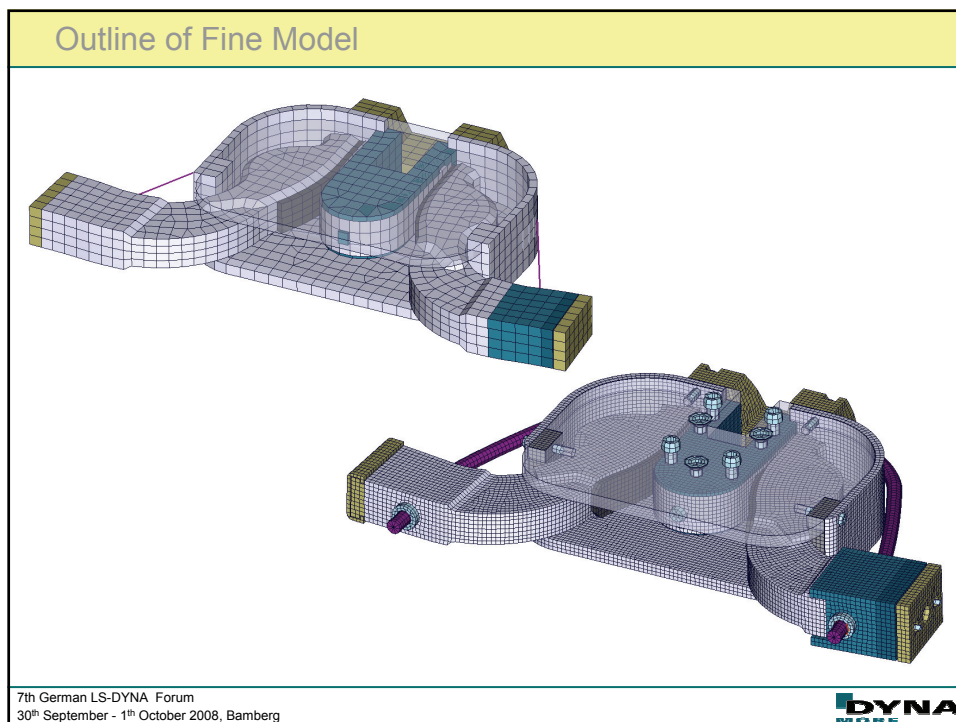
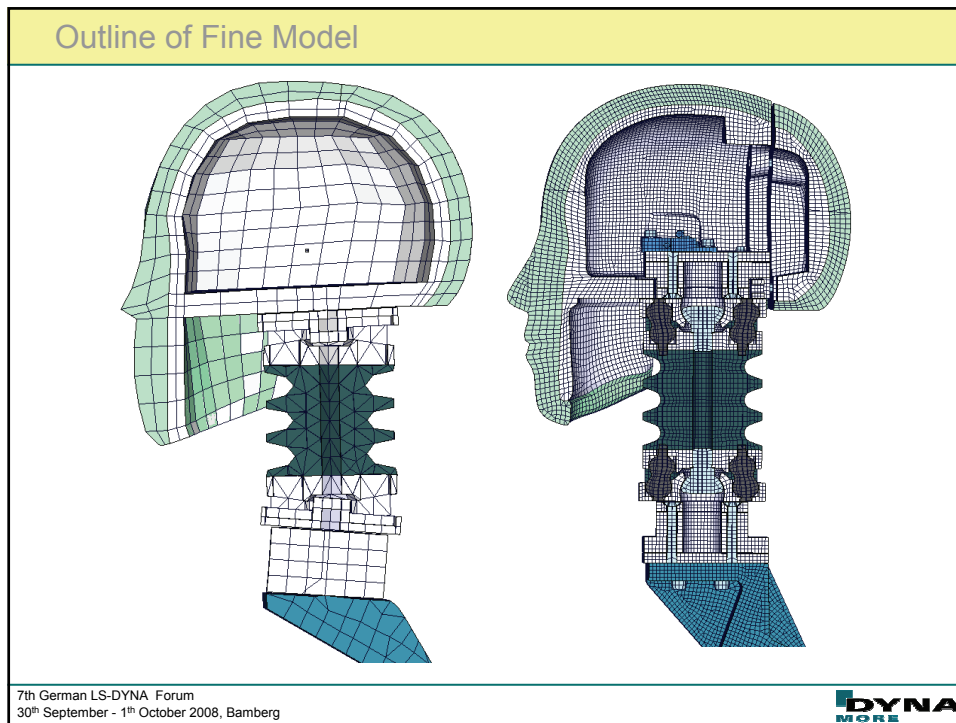
Outline fine model

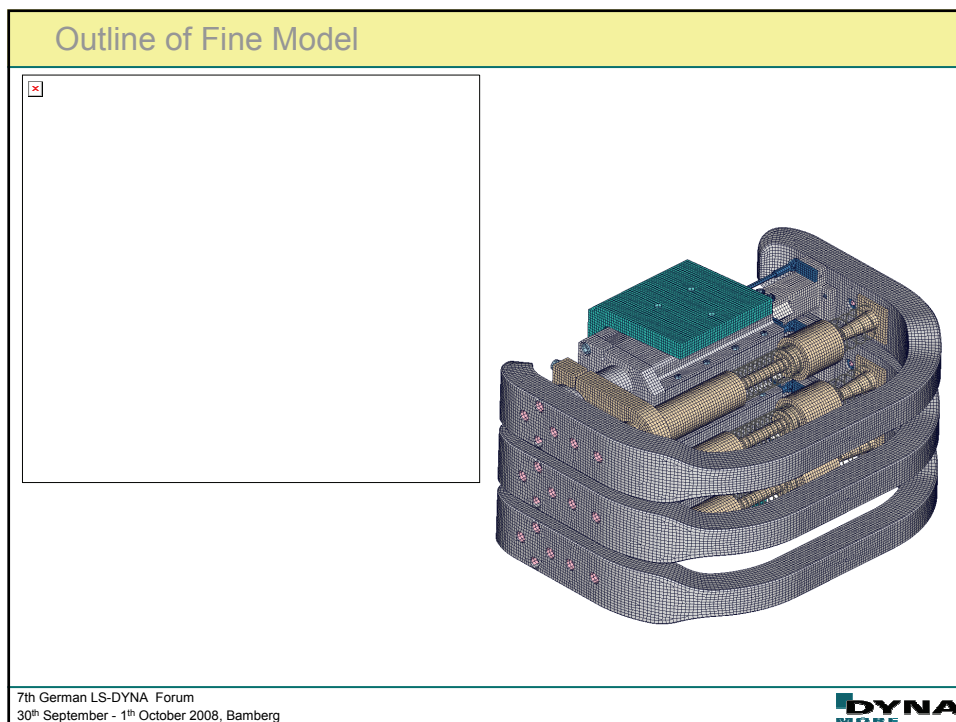
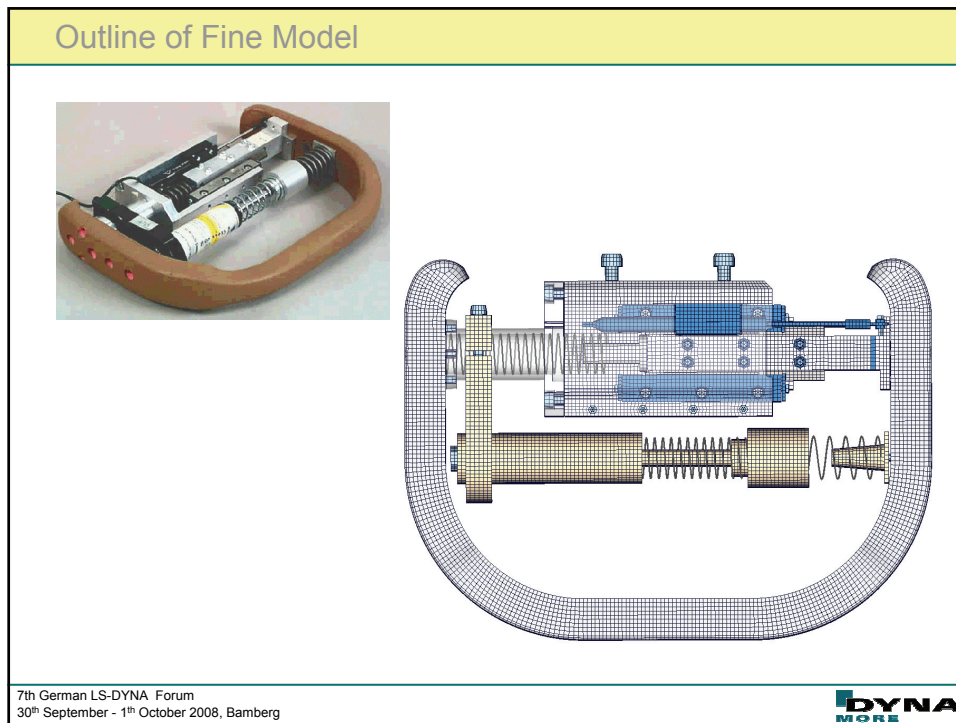
- 8-10 times more elements
- number of shells reduced (mainly contact shells)
- no tetrahedron elements (factor 3-4 less solid elements)
- components with different mesh densities can be combined
- time step 0.2 micro seconds (1.5 - 3 mm)
- time step 0.5 micro seconds (2.5 - 4 mm)
- regular model: 1 micro second (7 - 12 mm)
- one contact definition
- mesh such all parts can be pre-stressed, even the bolts
- joint definitions reduced, parts and contact modeled instead
- rigid bodies could be considered as deformable
- very minor initial mass scaling

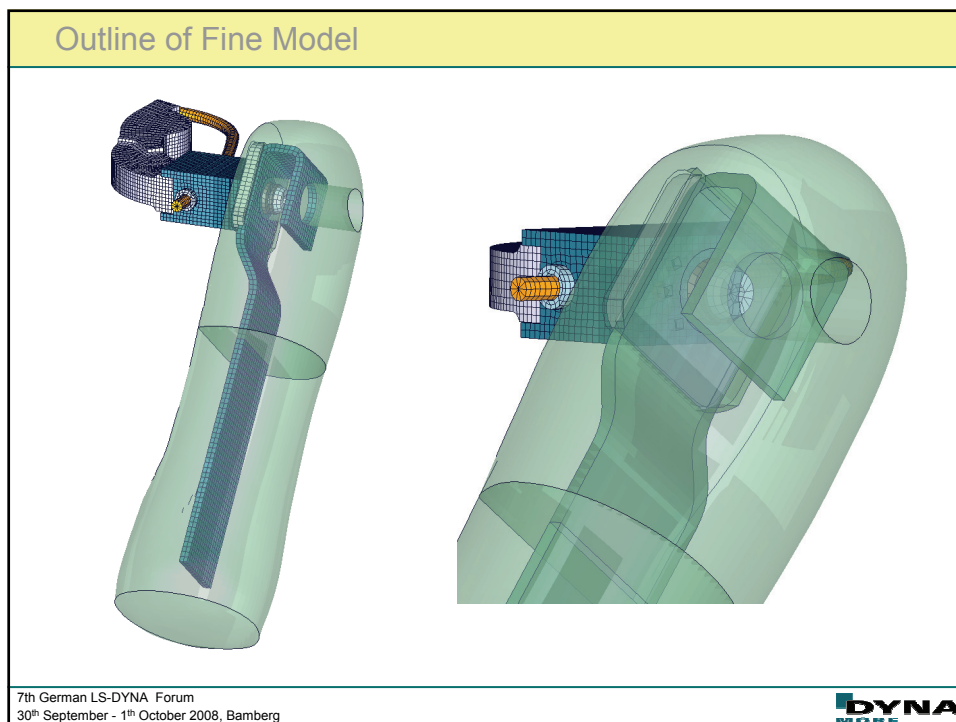
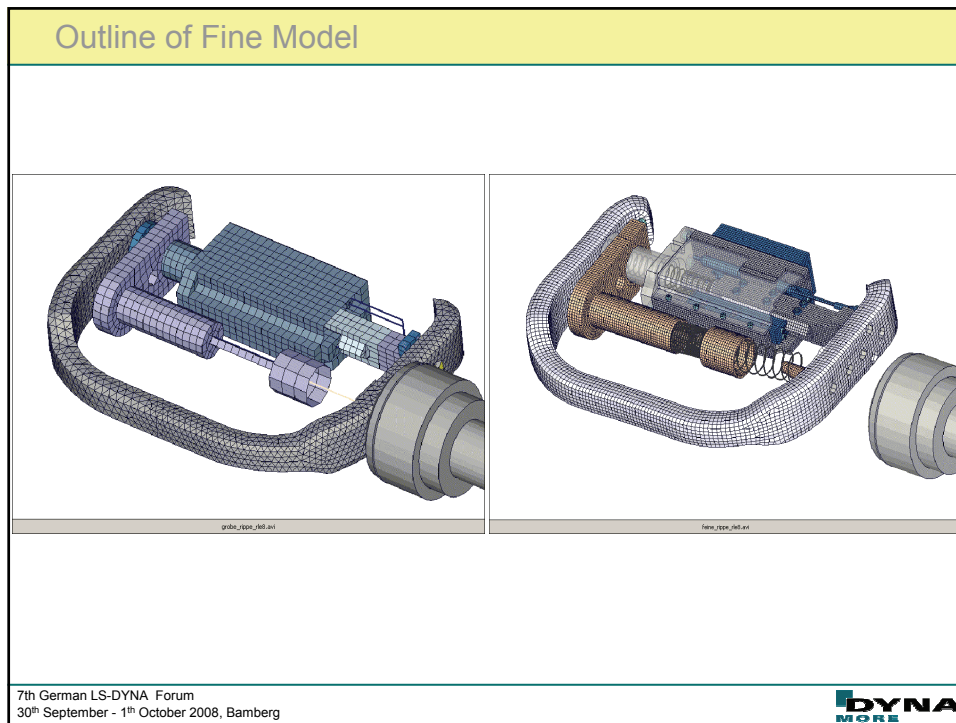


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Motivation for Fine Model

Motivation for fine model

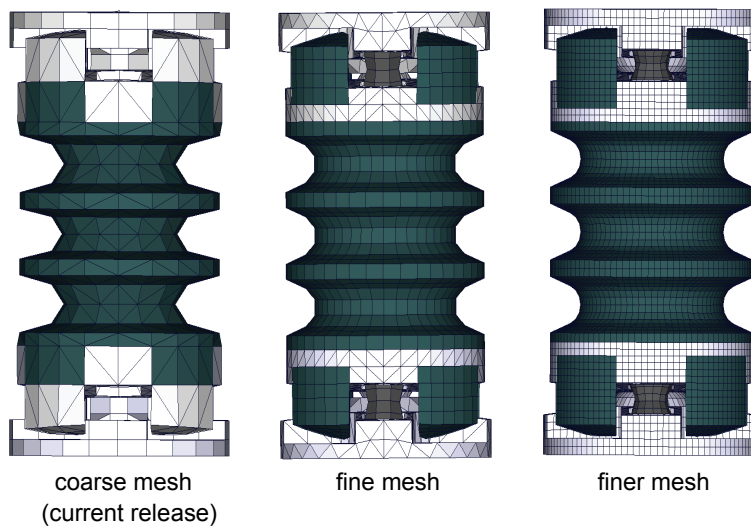
- get better understanding of the physics in the dummy
- get better understanding of the model behavior
- development tool for development of commercial models
- examples:
 - generate validation data
 - mesh convergence studies
 - sensitivity studies
 - investigate connected parts

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Applications of Fine Models – Validation Data

Different neck models



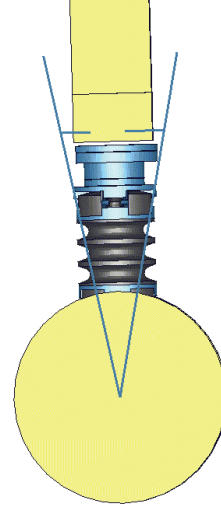
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Applications of Fine Models – Validation Data

Pendulum test with neck

- detailed material test available
- coarse model needs parameter fitting
- pre-stress can be included in fine model
- fine model correlates **without** parameter fitting
- fine and coarse model correlate with a set of pendulum tests



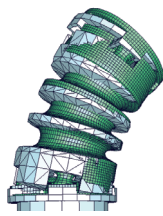
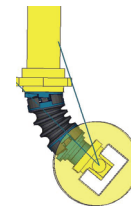
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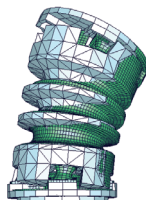
Applications of Fine Models – Validation Data

Fine and coarse neck model during FMVSS 214 pole test

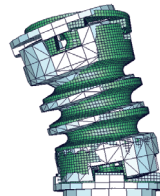
- different results in FMVSS 214
- coarse model in gray, fine model in green
- idea: Fine model can be used to validate coarse model



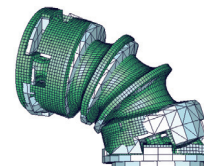
t= 20 ms



t= 40 ms



t= 60 ms



t= 80 ms

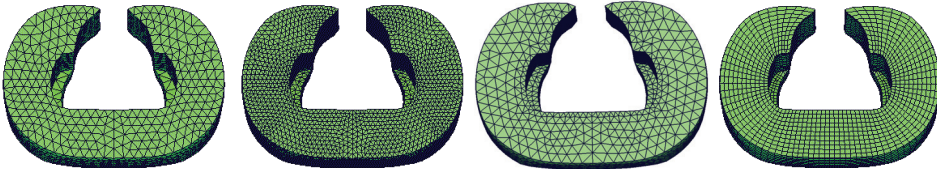
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Applications of Fine Models – Mesh Convergence Study

Abdominal insert

- influence of mesh density on force distribution



Base mesh of
ES-2 v4.0


Fine tetra mesh

Partially fine mesh
ES-2 v4.1

Fine hex mesh

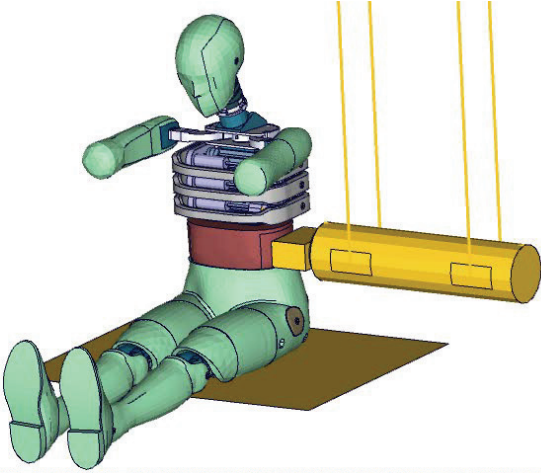
| | | | | |
|-------------|--------------|---------------|--------------|------------|
| # Element | 16 000 Tetra | 113 000 Tetra | 47 000 Tetra | 23 000 Hex |
| Normed Time | 1.0 | 6.7 | 2.8 | 2.3 |

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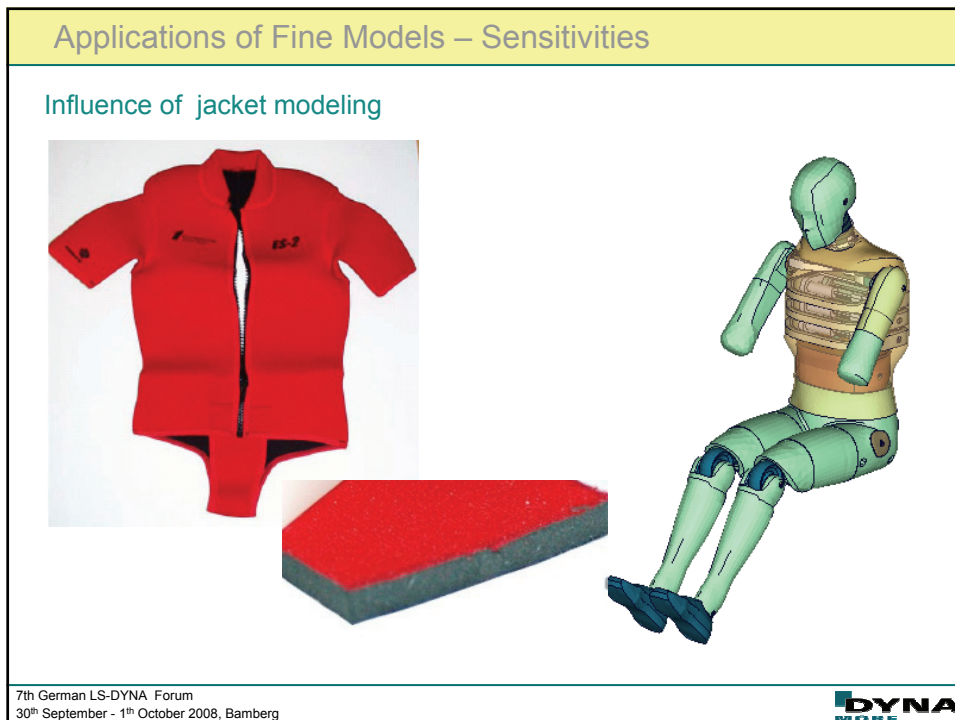
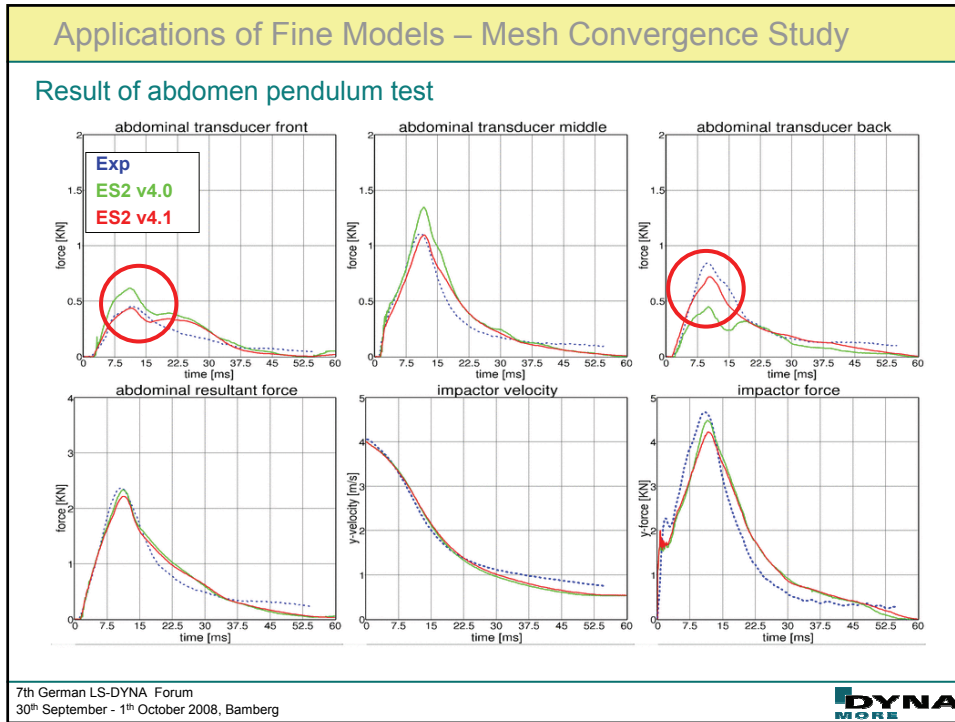
Applications of Fine Models – Mesh Convergence Study

Abdomen pendulum calibration test for ES-2



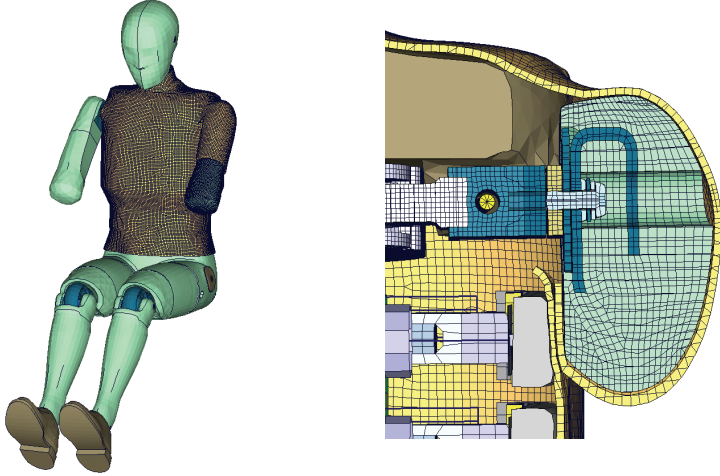
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Applications of Fine Models – Sensitivities

Fine shell model and hex model of jacket

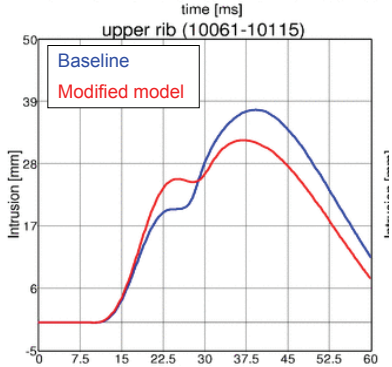


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Applications of Fine Models – Sensitivities

Influence of friction on rib intrusion




time [ms]
upper rib (10061-10115)

Intrusion [mm]

Baseline
Modified model

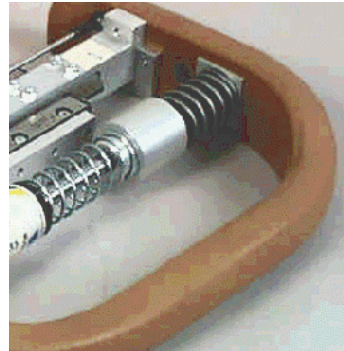
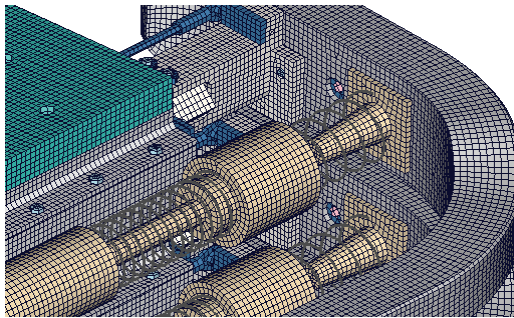
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Applications of Fine Models – Connected Parts

Parts connected to rib bow

- connection influences the total stiffness
- rubber is clamped between connected rigid parts



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Applications of Fine Models – Connected Parts

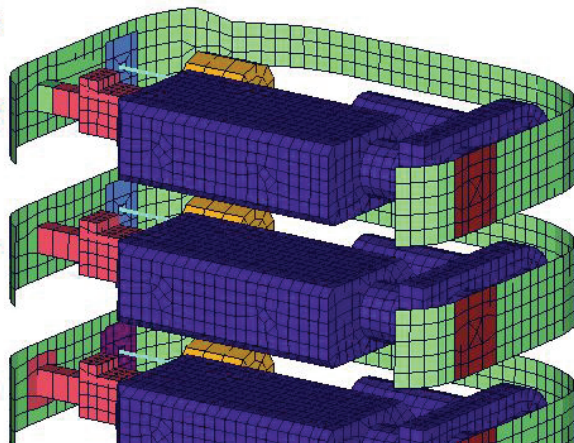
Modeling of connections with a very coarse mesh

green: elastic, red: rigid

elastic fixing

small rigid fixing

large rigid fixing



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Applications of Fine Models – Connected Parts

Rib intrusions in barrier test with very coarse mode

- intrusion of upper and lower rib in barrier test
- colors indicate different modeling of connections
- not all tests highlight influence of connection modeling

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Applications of Fine Models – Connected Parts

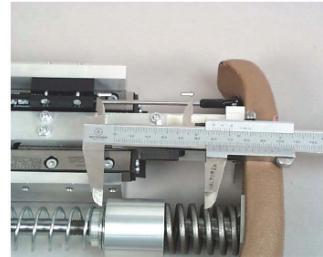
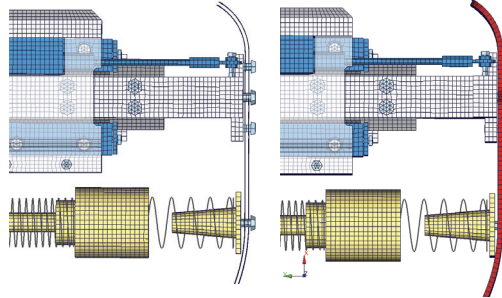
Virtual test to enhance standard model

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Difficulties

Difficulties in modeling

- time step is very small
- high computational costs
- contact stiffness
- contact thickness
- pre-stress causes oscillations
- huge validation effort
- some times mesh is still too coarse



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Fine Models in Standard Simulations

Usage of very fine models vehicle simulation?

- model would increase CPU time significantly
- higher accuracy only in few cases
- handling difficult
- currently: development tool
- future: ?

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Conclusion

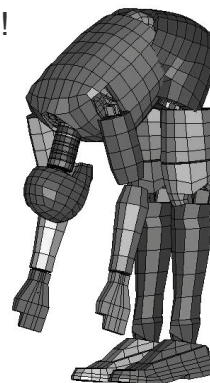
- a very fine model for ES-2 has been developed
- different mesh densities are available
- fine and coarse parts can be combined
- the model can include many physical effects
- the model is used for:
 - generate validation data for coarse model
 - sensitivity studies
 - check mesh convergence
 - investigate interaction of parts
- model is very useful to enhance coarser models
- the coarse models are commercially available and used by many OEMs and suppliers

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Conclusion

Thank you very much for your attention!



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